What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method comprising:
- obtaining first data to be delivered to multiple user devices via a common
- 3 channel;
- obtaining second data to be delivered to a specific user device via a dedicated
- 5 channel;
- 6 acquiring channel information for a common channel between a transmitter and
- 7 said specific user device; and
- generating a transmit signal for said specific user device using said first data,
- 9 said second data, and said channel information, said transmit signal to be transmitted
- 10 from said transmitter to said specific user device.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 acquiring channel information for a dedicated channel between said transmitter
- and said specific user device before generating said transmit signal, wherein generating
- 4 said transmit signal includes using said channel information for said dedicated channel.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal is configured so that common channel interference will be at
- least partially cancelled within said specific user device after reception therein.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3, wherein:
- said method is for use within a code division multiple access (CDMA) based
- 3 system; and
- 4 said common channel interference will be at least partially cancelled at the chip
- 5 level.

- 1 5. The method of claim 3, wherein:
- said method is for use within a CDMA based system; and
- said common channel interference will be at least partially cancelled at the
- 4 symbol level.
- 1 6. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- 2 acquiring channel information includes receiving channel information from said
- 3 specific user device.
- 1 7. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- said transmitter is part of a base station in a cellular CDMA system; and
- said first data includes data to be broadcast as part of a pilot signal.
- 1 8. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- said transmitter is part of a base station in a cellular CDMA system; and
- said first data includes data to be broadcast as part of a paging signal.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes using dirty paper cancellation techniques.
- 1 10. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes determining a common channel
- 3 interference component that would be output by a receiver of said specific user device
- 4 as a result of transmitting said first data from said transmitter into said common channel
- 5 without using interference mitigation.
- 1 11. The method of claim 10, wherein:
- 2 determining a common channel interference component includes determining an
- 3 effect of the common channel, as given by said channel information, on said first data.

- 1 12. The method of claim 10, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes determining a difference between said
- 3 common channel interference component and said second data.
- 1 13. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes performing a modulo lattice operation.
- 1 14. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 transmitting said transmit signal from said transmitter.
- 1 15. A communication apparatus comprising:
- a common channel interference unit to determine a common channel
- 3 interference component associated with a remote user device; and
- 4 a transmit signal generator to generate a transmit signal to be transmitted to said
- 5 remote user device via a dedicated channel, said transmit signal generator using said
- 6 common channel interference component and dedicated data to generate said transmit
- 7 signal.
- 1 16. The communication apparatus of claim 15, wherein:
- 2 said common channel interference unit determines said common channel
- 3 interference component using known common channel transmit data and corresponding
- 4 channel information.
- 1 17. The communication apparatus of claim 15, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal generator generates said transmit signal using dirty paper
- 3 cancellation techniques.
- 1 18. The communication apparatus of claim 15, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal generator includes a modulo lattice unit.

19. A system comprising:

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- 2 at least one dipole antenna;
- a common channel interference unit to determine a common channel
- 4 interference component associated with a remote user device; and
- a transmit signal generator to generate a transmit signal to be transmitted to said
- 6 remote user device via a dedicated channel, said transmit signal generator using said
- 7 common channel interference component and dedicated data to generate said transmit
- 8 signal, wherein said transmit signal is transmitted using said at least one dipole antenna.
- 1 20. The system of claim 19, wherein:
- said common channel interference unit determines said common channel
- 3 interference component using known common channel transmit data and corresponding
- 4 channel information.
- 1 21. The system of claim 19, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal generator includes a modulo lattice unit.
- 1 22. An article comprising a storage medium having instructions stored thereon that,
- 2 when executed by a computing platform, result in:
- obtaining first data to be delivered to multiple user devices via a common
- 4 channel;
- obtaining second data to be delivered to a specific user device via a dedicated
- 6 channel;
- 7 acquiring channel information for a common channel between a transmitter and
- 8 said specific user device; and
- generating a transmit signal for said specific user device using said first data,
- said second data, and said channel information, said transmit signal to be transmitted
- 11 from said transmitter to said specific user device.

- 1 23. The article of claim 22, wherein said instructions, when executed by the
- 2 computing platform, further result in:
- acquiring channel information for a dedicated channel between said transmitter
- 4 and said specific user device before generating said transmit signal, wherein generating
- 5 said transmit signal includes using said channel information for said dedicated channel.
- 1 24. The article of claim 22, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal is configured so that common channel interference will be at
- least partially cancelled within said specific user device after reception therein.
- 1 25. The article of claim 22, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes using dirty paper cancellation techniques.
- 1 26. The article of claim 22, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes performing a modulo lattice operation.
- 1 27. A method comprising:
- obtaining first data to be delivered to user devices associated with a first class
- 3 via corresponding dedicated channels;
- 4 obtaining second data to be delivered to user devices associated with a second
- 5 class via corresponding dedicated channels;
- 6 acquiring channel information from user devices associated with said second
- 7 class; and
- 8 generating transmit signals to be transmitted to user devices associated with said
- 9 second class using said first data, said second data, and said channel information.
- 1 28. The method of claim 27, wherein:
- said first class includes user devices that do not use dirty paper cancellation
- 3 techniques.

- 1 29. The method of claim 27, wherein:
- said second class includes user devices that use dirty paper cancellation
- 3 techniques.
- 1 30. The method of claim 27, wherein:
- 2 generating transmit signals includes using dirty paper cancellation techniques.
- 1 31. The method of claim 27, wherein:
- 2 generating transmit signals includes generating signals that are configured to
- 3 cancel interference caused by signals transmitted to user devices associated with said
- 4 first class.
- 1 32. The method of claim 31, wherein:
- 2 generating transmit signals includes generating signals that are configured to
- 3 cancel interference caused by signals transmitted to user devices associated with said
- 4 second class.
- 1 33. The method of claim 27, wherein:
- 2 generating transmit signals includes performing a decomposition of a channel
- 3 matrix into a unitary matrix and a triangular matrix.
- 1 34. The method of claim 27, wherein:
- 2 generating transmit signals includes performing a modulo lattice operation.
- 1 35. A communication apparatus comprising:
- an interference unit to collect data to be delivered to user devices within a first
- 3 class via corresponding dedicated channels and to use the collected data to generate a
- 4 composite interference signal; and
- 5 a transmit signal generator to generate transmit signals to be transmitted to user
- 6 devices within a second class via corresponding dedicated channels, said transmit signal

- 7 generator using said composite interference signal, dedicated data to be delivered to
- 8 said user devices within said second class, and channel information associated with said
- 9 user devices within said second class.
- 1 36. The communication apparatus of claim 35, wherein:
- 2 said first class includes user devices that do not use dirty paper cancellation
- 3 techniques.
- 1 37. The communication apparatus of claim 35, wherein:
- said second class includes user devices that use dirty paper cancellation
- 3 techniques.
- 1 38. The communication apparatus of claim 35, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal generator uses dirty paper cancellation techniques to
- 3 generate said transmit signals.
- 1 39. The communication apparatus of claim 35, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal generator includes a modulo lattice unit.
- 1 40. The communication apparatus of claim 35, wherein:
- 2 said transmit signal generator includes matrix decomposition functionality for
- 3 decomposing a channel matrix into a unitary matrix and a triangular matrix.
- 1 41. A method comprising:
- generating a transmit signal for transmission to a remote user device via a
- 2 dedicated channel that is pre-configured to cancel common channel interference within
- 3 said remote user device upon reception; and
- 4 transmitting said transmit signal.

- 1 42. The method of claim 41, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes performing a modulo lattice operation.
- 1 43. The method of claim 41, wherein:
- 2 generating a transmit signal includes using dirty paper cancellation techniques..